ADMINISTERING MEDICATION

5141.213(a)

Opioid Overdose Prevention (Emergency Administration of Naloxone)

The Board of Education recognizes that many factors, including the use and misuse of prescription painkillers, can lead to the dependence on and addiction to opioids, and that such dependence and addiction can lead to overdose and death among the public, including District students and staff. The Board wants to minimize these overdoses and deaths by the use of opioid overdose prevention measures by establishing protocols for its administration in emergency situations to assist individuals suspected to be experiencing an opioid overdose.

Definitions

Drug overdose means an acute medical condition, including, but not limited to, severe physical illness, coma, mania, hysteria or death, which is the result of consumption or use of one or more controlled substances causing an adverse reaction-(the people trained will define what an "overdose" means)

Naloxone (Narcan) is a medication that can reverse an overdose caused by an opioid drug. As a narcotic antagonist, Naloxone displaces opiates from receptor sites in the brain and reverses respiratory depression that usually is the cause of overdose deaths.

Opioids are illegal drugs including, but not limited to, as heroin, as well as prescription medications used to treat pain such as morphine, codeine, methadone, oxycodone (OxyContin, Percodan, Percocet), hydrocodone (Vicodin), fentanyl, hydromorphone (Dilaudid), and buprenorphine.

Delegation of Responsibility

The School Medical Director shall provide and annually renew a standing order of Naloxone to students, staff members or other individuals believed or suspected to be experiencing an opioid overdose on school grounds or at a school-sponsored activity, at which the school nurse or any other individual properly trained to administer Naloxone is present as permitted by this policy. The standing order shall include at least the following information:

- 1. Type of Naloxone (intranasal and auto-injector)
- 2. Date of issuance
- 3. Dosage
- 4. Signature of the school physician/School Medical Director

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Delegation of Responsibility (continued)

The standing order shall be maintained in the office of the Nursing Supervisor and copies of the standing order shall be kept in each location where Naloxone is stored.

The school nurse shall be responsible for building-level administration and management of Naloxone and management of Naloxone stocks. Each school nurse and any other individual(s) authorized by the Superintendent shall be trained in the administration of Naloxone.

This policy permits school nurses and any other individual properly trained to administer Naloxone to any person at a school displaying symptoms of an opioid overdose.

Acquisition, Storage and Disposal

The school nurse(s) shall obtain sufficient supplies of Naloxone pursuant to the standing order in the same manner as other medical supplies acquired for the school health program. The school nurse or designee shall regularly inventory and refresh Naloxone stocks, and maintain records thereof, in accordance with internal procedures, manufacturer's recommendations and any applicable Department of Public Health guidelines.

Naloxone shall be safely stored in the school nurse's office or other location designated by the school nurse in accordance with the drug manufacturer's instructions.

(cf. 5141 – Administering Medications)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes

10-212 School nurses and nurse practitioners. Administration of medications by parents or guardians on school grounds. Criminal history; records check.

10-212a Administration of medications in schools. (as amended by PA 99-2, and June Special Session and PA 03-211, PA 04-181, PA 07-241, PA 07-252, PA 09-155, PA 12-198, PA 14-176 and PA 15-215) 17a-714 Immunity for prescribing, dispensing or administering an opioid antagonist to treat or prevent a drug overdose.

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Delegation of Responsibility (continued)

Legal Reference: Connecticut General Statutes (continued) 21a-279(g) Penalty for illegal

possession. Alternate sentences. Immunity. 52-557b Immunity from liability for emergency medical assistance first aid or medication by injection. School personnel not required to administer or render. (As amended by PA 05-144, An Act Concerning the Emergency Use of

Cartridge Injectors)

Opioid Overdose Prevention (Emergency Administration of Naloxone) Connecticut Regulations of State Agencies 10-212a-1 through 10-212a-10, inclusive, as amended. PA 15-198: An Act Concerning Substance Abuse and Opioid Overdose Prevention PA 16-43: An Act Concerning Opioids and Access to Overdose Reversal Drugs Adopted 5/23/201

Policy Adopted: 9/20/17 BROOKFIELD PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Brookfield, Connecticut