FIRB



## **Healthy Start Times Committee**

Recommendation to Brookfield Board of Education June 3, 2020

# Goal/Mission of the Committee

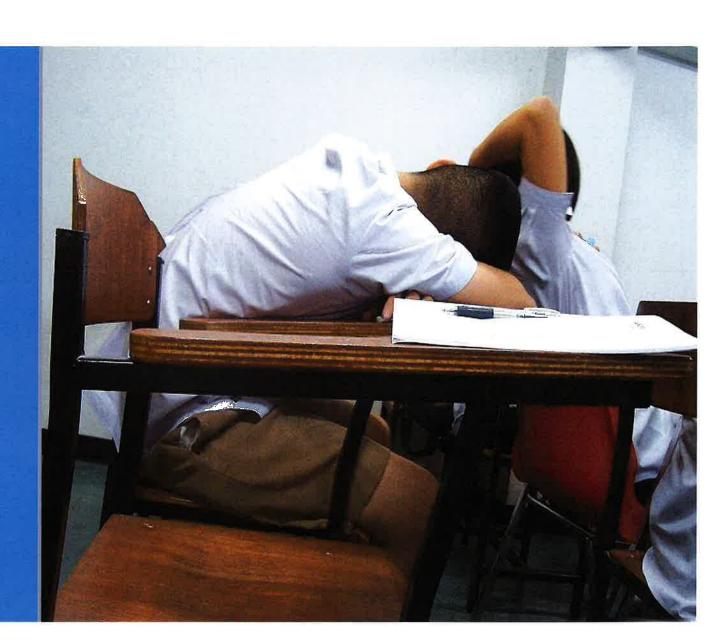
Study available research

Communicate research

Survey stakeholders

Analyze impact of potential change

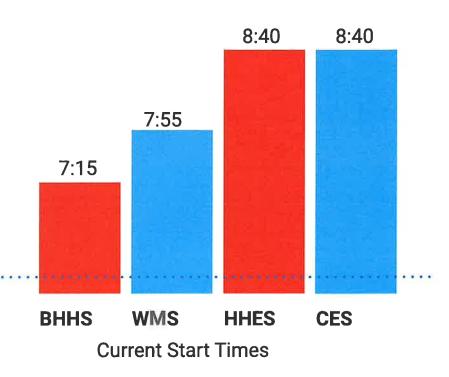
Recommend to the BOE



#### Why Examine Healthy Start Times?

Research suggests significant health, safety, and performance benefits for adolescents waking at 7am or later.

Many communities in Connecticut and the U.S. have taken measures to research and implement healthy start times.





Revise School Start Times for the 2022-2023 School Year:

WMS/BHS - 8am to 2:45 pm

CES/HHES - 8:50 to 3:35 pm

High School students gain 45 minutes of sleep and other schools have minor adjustments.

Minimal disruptions to after school activities and athletics.

Two year lead time will coincide with new school opening and gives time to plan and adapt to change

#### The Committee

Dr. John Barile	Superintendent	Rosa Fernandes	BOE Chair
Jen Laden	BOE	Amy Foster	BOE
Steve Baldwin	Athletic Director	Laurie Moses	BHS Teacher
Lisa Whalen	WMS Staff Member/ Community Member/Parent	Lou Quinn	Greenwich High School Counselor/ Community Member/Parent
Joy Squitieri	John Read Middle School Counselor, Redding/ Community Member/Parent	Colette Sturm	Former BOE Chair

#### **Actions of the Committee**

#### Spring 2019

Establish Committee Membership

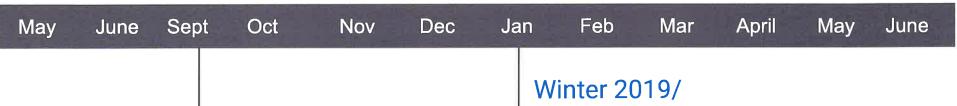
#### Fall/Winter 2019

Met with other districts that have examined/ changed start times.

#### Spring 2020

Examined potential impact on schools, transportation and costs associated.

Present recommendations



Fall 2019

Read and discussed research

Winter 2019/ Spring 2020

Developed, conducted, analyzed survey of key stakeholders

# Key Research Findings

American Academy of Sleep Medicine recommends that teenagers aged 13 to 18 should sleep 8 to 10 hours per day for good health.

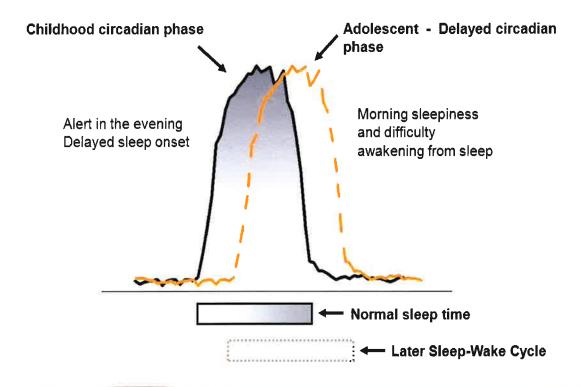


\*BaylorScott&White HEALTH

During puberty, adolescents become sleepy later at night and need to sleep later in the morning as a result in shifts in biological rhythms.

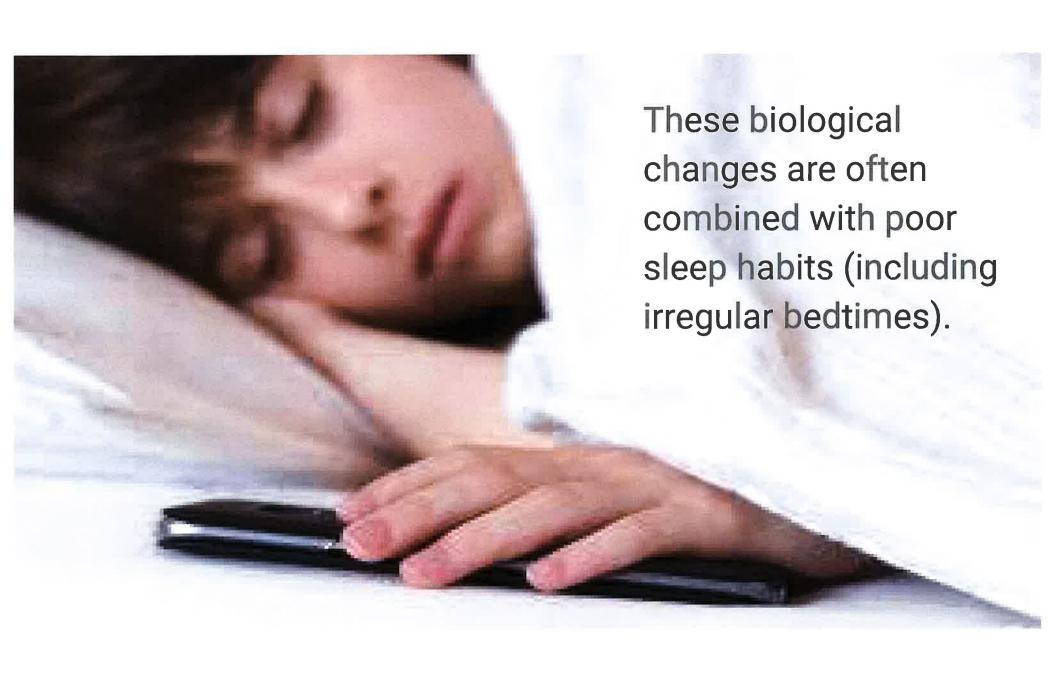
PEDIATRIC SLEEP: Sleep In Adolescents

#### Adolescent Sleep-Wake Cycle

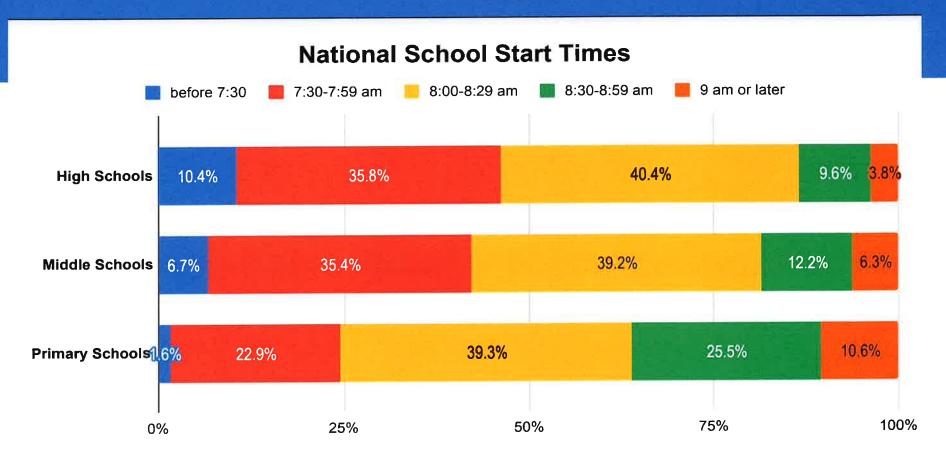


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# During the school week, school start times dictate when students wake up.



The combination of late bedtimes and early school start times results in most adolescents not getting enough sleep.



#### Most U.S. middle and high schools start the school day too early



5 out of 6 U.S. middle and high schools start the school day before 8:30AM

The American Academy of Fed others has recommended that middle and high schools should cannot start no earlier than 850 API to enable starlents to get adequate sleep.



Teens need at least 8 hours of sleep per night.



Younger students need at least 9 hours.



2 out of 3 U.S. high school students sleep less than 8 hours on school nights

#### Adolescents who do not get enough sleep are more likely to



be not get overweight enough physical



suffer from depressive symptoms



engage in unhealthy risk behaviors such as drinking alcohol, smoking tobacco, and using

illicit drugs



perform poorly in school

For more information: www.cdc.gov

National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Division of Population Health



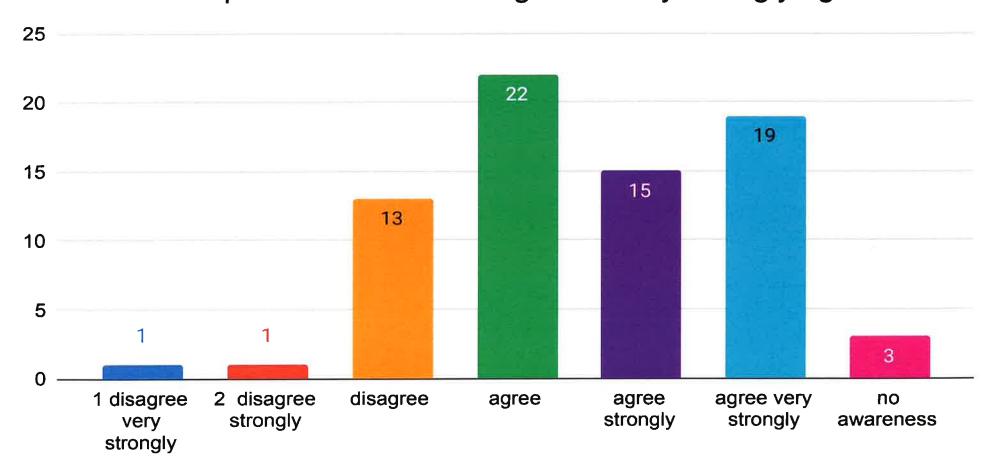
# Effects of Lack of Sleep on Teenagers

# Key Findings from Survey Data

#### Stakeholders Surveyed

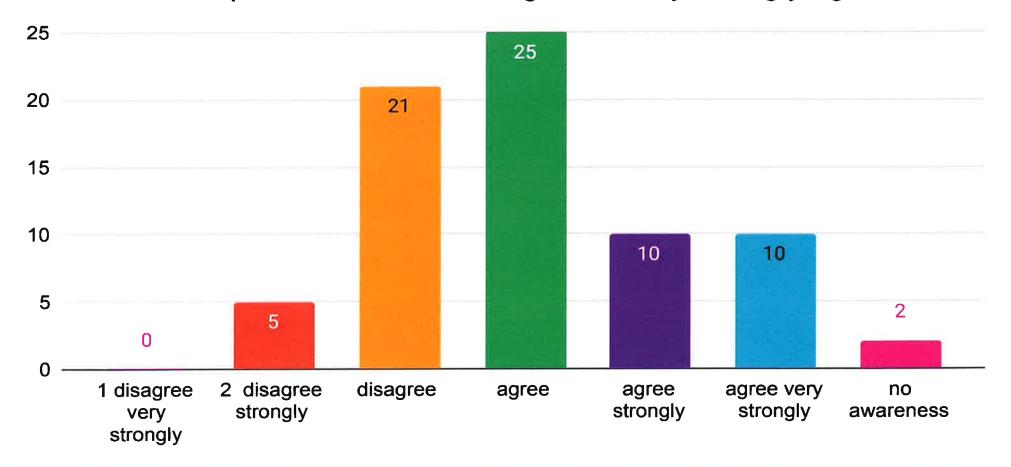
Parents: 1,052	Students: 902	Faculty/Staff: 278
BHS: 333 WMS: 331 HHES: 221 CES: 177	BHS WMS	BHS: 88 WMS: 79 HHES: 55 CES: 47 TSO: 7

## BHS Teachers: Students are most tired during their first class Over 75 percent of teachers agree to very strongly agree



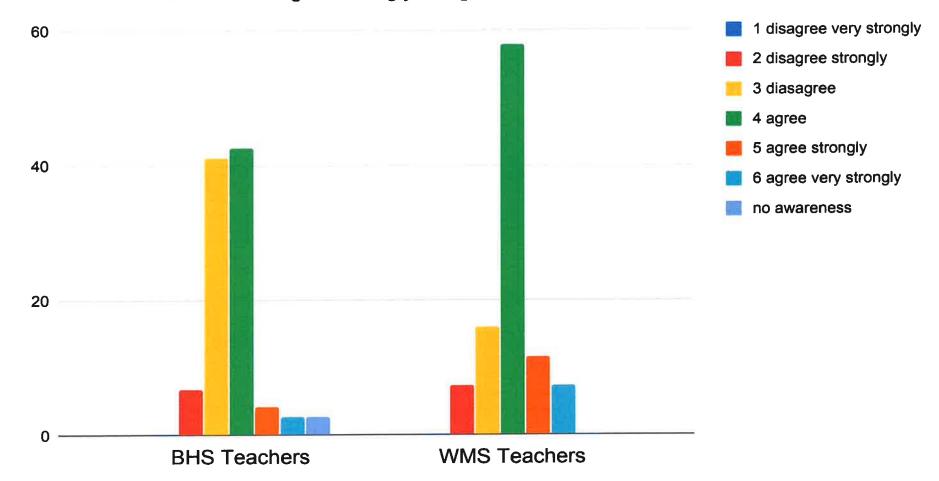
#### BHS Teachers: Students struggle to stay awake in class

Over 60 percent of teachers agree to very strongly agree



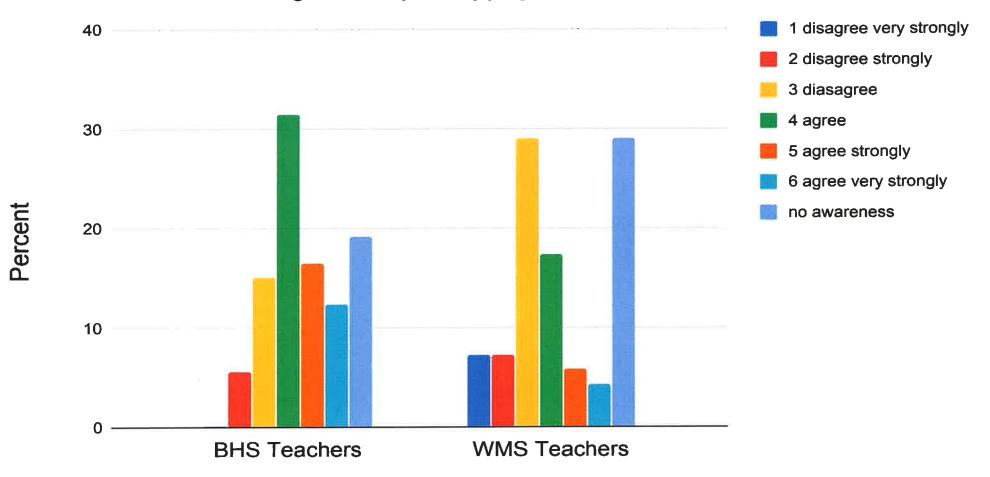
#### Teachers: Students are adequately ready to learn each day

48% of BHS teachers disagree/strongly disagree, compared to 23% of WMS teachers



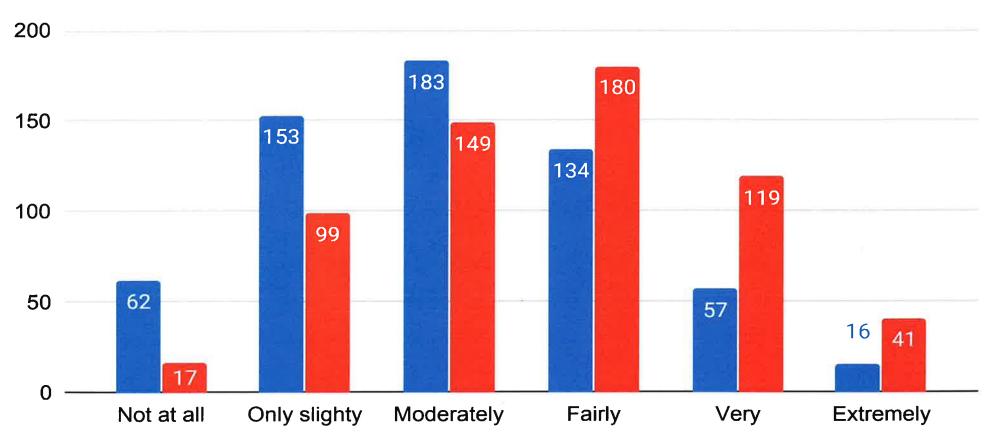
#### Teachers: Students arrive late to school because they oversleep

60% of BHS teachers agree to very strongly agrée, compared to 28% of WMS teachers

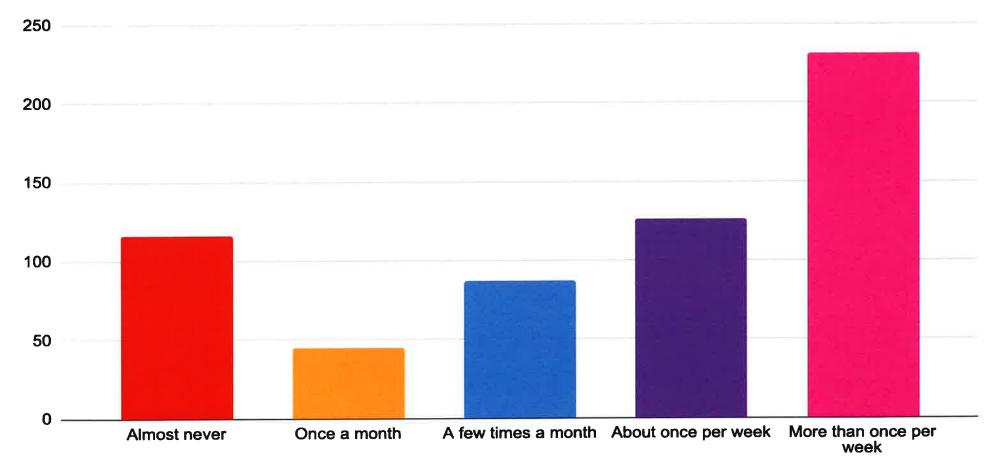


#### Students: How alert are you?

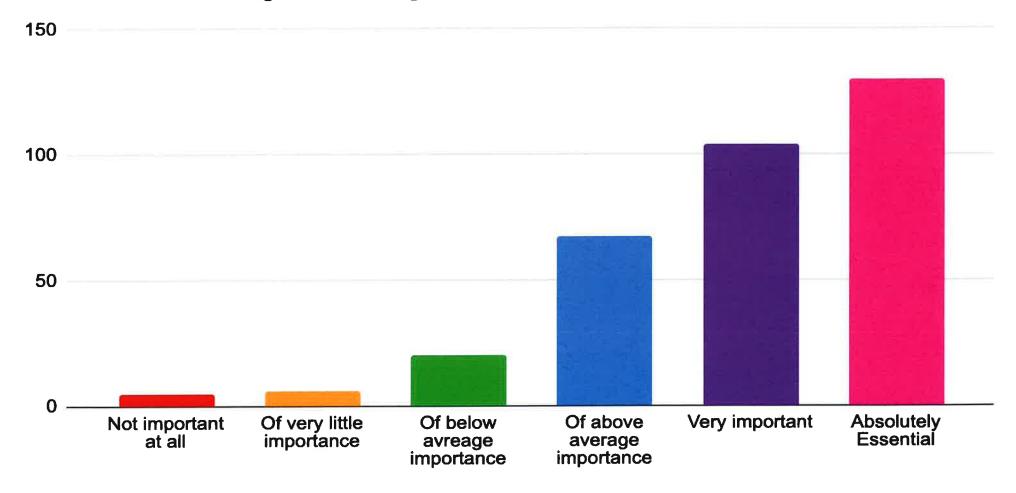




## BHS and WMS Students: How often do you get less than 6 hours of sleep? 59% get less than 6 hours of sleep at least once per week



BHS Parents: Importance of allowing students to get more sleep 90% believe allowing students to get more sleep is at least above average importance



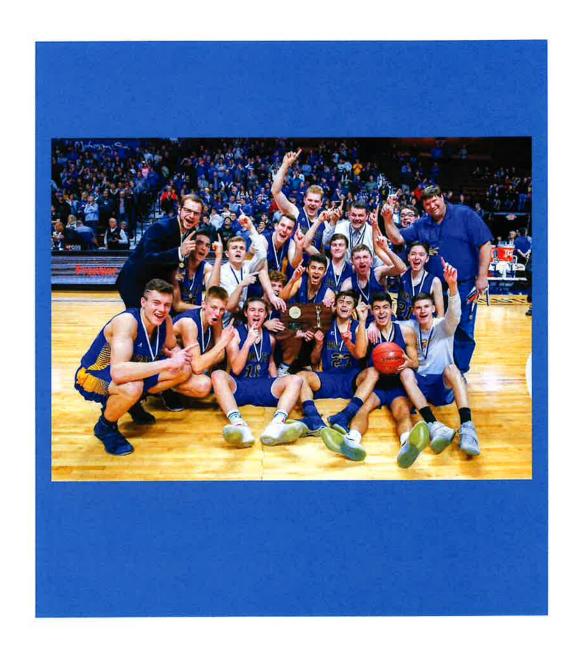
# Conclusions Based on Survey

High School students, in particular, are not getting the recommended amount of sleep and are less alert in their first classes.

Our community values the healthy implications of proper sleep.



# Impact on Athletics



School	Start	End	Currently Examining Start Times	Later Start Time Change
Bethel	7:35	2:15	Yes	
Brookfield	7:15	2:00	Yes	
Bunnell	7:40	2:10	Yes	Start time changed from 7:25
Immaculate	7:40	2:00	No	Start time changed from 7:30
Joel Barlow	7:30	2:08	Yes	
Kolbe Cathedral	8:15	2:15	No	
Masuk	7:25	2:00	No	
New Fairfield	7:19	1:58	Yes	Moving to 7:50 to 8:00 am in 2023
New Milford	7:35	2:15	No	
Newtown	8:00	2:32	No	Start time changed from 7:25
Notre Dame Fairfield	8:00	2:00	No	Start time changed from 7:40
Pomperaug	7:20	2:05	No	
Stratford	7:40	2:10	No	Start time changed from 7:25
Weston	7:45	2:30	Yes	

# Key Takeaways on impact on Athletics

Sleep deprivation is a leading contributor to an increase in injuries among student athletes.

Adequate sleep can lead to an increase in athletic performance.

Using our current athletic schedule, student-athletes would miss their last class 5 times per season.



#### Bus Options Investigated: 3 Tiers

**OPTION A:** We explored options of moving all times, regardless of order, later by 30 minutes

T1 BHS 7:45am - 2:30pm

T2 WMS 8:25am - 3:10pm

T3 K-5 HHES/CES 9:10am - 3:55pm

The last bus tier has students departing school for some time in the dark and arriving home in the dark during the shorter days of winter (later buses home by 5pm) **OPTION B:** We explored overlapping bus runs of the 3 Tiers System

T1 BHS 8:00am - 2:45pm

T2 WMS 8:30am - 3:45pm

T3 HHES/CES 8:50 - 3:35

Pro - No student waits in the dark or arrives home in the dark

Con - Will need **19 additional buses** which will cost \$1.6 million budget increase to the existing \$2 million budget cost

#### Recommended Busing Option: 2 Tiers

#### **OPTION C**

T1 Gr. 6 - 12 WMS/BHS 8:00am - 2:45pm Middle and High School students ride together

T2 Gr. K- 5 HHES/CES 8:50am - 3:35pm

- Meets early start time recommendation of moving BHS to an 8am start time
- School schedules and bus schedules are aligned with the science of student sleep patterns
- The survey responses from parents, staff and students are addressed
- Student safety at the bus stops for both pick up and drop off are addressed
- All students wait for the bus and arrive home during daylight all year

The cost exceeds the 3 Tier System driven by the K-5 increase of 2 buses by an additional 2 buses

- The total increase to the transportation budget with a 3 Tier System, regardless, is going to take 2 more buses or a \$140,000 increase to current transportation budget, it will not meet any of the Committee's Goals for health or safety
- The recommended 2 Tier System will increase the transportation budget by a maximum of 2 more buses above the new K-5 transportation needs, costing an additional \$140,000 and meets all student health and safety needs

#### Conclusions

The science, data, and our surveys all indicate that our current model does not align with healthy student sleep times.

Our recommendation is to revise School Times for the 2022-2023 School Year:

High School students gain 45 minutes of sleep and other schools have minor adjustments.

Minimal disruptions to after school activities and athletics.

Two year lead time will coincide with new school opening and gives all stakeholders time to plan and adapt to change

#### Next Steps: Plan and Educate

#### PLAN for the change

- Administration will work to execute the plan
- Bus contract negotiations with the BOE

## Continue to EDUCATE about the health benefits of sleep

- PTO meetings
- Presentations
- Open Houses
- Parent University

#### Sleep Research Resources

Dr. Craig Canapari, Director of Pediatric Sleep Center, Yale University, <u>Presentation to Brookfield Board of Education, January 2, 2019 (22:56 -1:02:35)</u>

Lynne Lamberg, School Starts Too Early for Teens, Pediatricians Agree. Psychiatric News. September 2, 2014

American Academy of Pediatrics, Policy Statement: School Start Times for Adolescents, 2014.

Amy Wolfson, PhD. Adolescent Sleep Update, Sleepreviewmag.com., March/April 2007.

Society of Behavioral Medicine. <u>Position Statement: Start Middle School and High School at 8:30 or Later to Promote Student Health and Learning.</u> November, 2017/

Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine. <u>Delaying Middle School and High School Start Times Promotes Student Health and Performance: An American Academy of Sleep Medicine Position Statement</u>, 2017.

Judith Owens, Director of Sleep Medicine, Boston Children's Hospital, <u>The Science of Sleep and School Start Times</u> <u>Presentation.</u>

Society of Pediatric Nurses, Position Statement on Early School Start Times.

#### Sleep Research Resources continued

American Association of Sleep Technologists 2019 Position Statement:

National PTA 2017 Position Statement: RESOLUTION

American Medical Association 2016 Position Statement: AMA Supports Delayed School Start Times to Improve Adolescent Wellness

TED Talk on why schools should start later for teens: Guilford Public Schools

Sleep Health Journal. <u>Self-report surveys of student sleep and well-being: a review of use in the context of school start times</u>, September, 2017

Pediatrics, Official Journal of the American Academy of Pediatrics, School Start Times for Adolescents

NJ.com Waking up teens too early is over for 5 N.J. high schools. The law says so.

<u>Teens Decoded:</u> Are high school and middle school students in Connecticut at risk because school starts so early? presentation by Dr. Judith Owens

Dr. Shalini Paruthi, Common Causes, Effects and Solutions to Sleep Deprivation in Children, SleepReviewMag.com, March, 2016.